109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S.1147

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for the expensing of broadband Internet access expenditures, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 26, 2005

Mr. Rockefeller (for himself, Ms. Snowe, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Burns, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Bunning, and Ms. Cantwell) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for the expensing of broadband Internet access expenditures, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. EXPENSING OF BROADBAND INTERNET ACCESS
- 4 EXPENDITURES.
- 5 (a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chap-
- 6 ter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to
- 7 itemized deductions for individuals and corporations) is
- 8 amended by inserting after section 190 the following new
- 9 section:

1 "SEC. 191. BROADBAND EXPENDITURES.

2	"(a) Treatment of Expenditures.—
3	"(1) In general.—A taxpayer may elect to
4	treat any qualified broadband expenditure which is
5	paid or incurred by the taxpayer as an expense
6	which is not chargeable to capital account. Any ex-
7	penditure which is so treated shall be allowed as a
8	deduction.
9	"(2) Election.—An election under paragraph
10	(1) shall be made at such time and in such manner
11	as the Secretary may prescribe by regulation.
12	"(b) Qualified Broadband Expenditures.—For
13	purposes of this section—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
15	broadband expenditure' means, with respect to any
16	taxable year, any direct or indirect costs incurred
17	after the date of the enactment of this Act and be-
18	fore the date which is 10 years after such date and
19	properly taken into account with respect to—
20	"(A) the purchase or installation of quali-
21	fied equipment (including any upgrades there-
22	to), and
23	"(B) the connection of such qualified
24	equipment to any qualified subscriber.
25	"(2) Certain satellite expenditures ex-
26	CLUDED.—Such term shall not include any costs in-

1	curred with respect to the launching of any satellite
2	equipment.
3	"(3) Leased equipment.—Such term shall in-
4	clude so much of the purchase price paid by the les-
5	sor of qualified equipment subject to a lease de-
6	scribed in subsection (c)(2)(B) as is attributable to
7	expenditures incurred by the lessee which would oth-
8	erwise be described in paragraph (1).
9	"(4) Limitation with regard to current
10	GENERATION BROADBAND SERVICES.—Only 50 per-
11	cent of the amounts taken into account under para-
12	graph (1) with respect to qualified equipment
13	through which current generation broadband serv-
14	ices are provided shall be treated as qualified
15	broadband expenditures.
16	"(c) When Expenditures Taken Into Ac-
17	COUNT.—For purposes of this section—
18	"(1) In general.—Qualified broadband ex-
19	penditures with respect to qualified equipment shall
20	be taken into account with respect to the first tax-
21	able year in which—
22	"(A) current generation broadband services
23	are provided through such equipment to quali-

fied subscribers, or

1	"(B) next generation broadband services
2	are provided through such equipment to quali-
3	fied subscribers.
4	"(2) Limitation.—
5	"(A) In general.—Qualified expenditures
6	shall be taken into account under paragraph (1)
7	only with respect to qualified equipment—
8	"(i) the original use of which com-
9	mences with the taxpayer, and
10	"(ii) which is placed in service, after
11	the date of the enactment of this Act.
12	"(B) Sale-leasebacks.—For purposes of
13	subparagraph (A), if property—
14	"(i) is originally placed in service
15	after the date of the enactment of this Act
16	by any person, and
17	"(ii) sold and leased back by such per-
18	son within 3 months after the date such
19	property was originally placed in service,
20	such property shall be treated as originally
21	placed in service not earlier than the date on
22	which such property is used under the leaseback
23	referred to in clause (ii).
24	"(d) Special Allocation Rules.—

1 "(1) Current generation broadband serv-2 ICES.—For purposes of determining the amount of 3 qualified broadband expenditures under subsection 4 (a)(1) with respect to qualified equipment through 5 which current generation broadband services are 6 provided, if the qualified equipment is capable of 7 serving both qualified subscribers and other sub-8 scribers, the qualified broadband expenditures shall 9 be multiplied by a fraction—

- "(A) the numerator of which is the sum of the number of potential qualified subscribers within the rural areas and the underserved areas which the equipment is capable of serving with current generation broadband services, and
- "(B) the denominator of which is the total potential subscriber population of the area which the equipment is capable of serving with current generation broadband services.
- "(2) NEXT GENERATION BROADBAND SERVICES.—For purposes of determining the amount of
 qualified broadband expenditures under subsection
 (a)(1) with respect to qualified equipment through
 which next generation broadband services are provided, if the qualified equipment is capable of serving both qualified subscribers and other subscribers,

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the qualified expenditures shall be multiplied by a

2	fraction—
3	"(A) the numerator of which is the sum
4	of—
5	"(i) the number of potential qualified
6	subscribers within the rural areas and un-
7	derserved areas, plus
8	"(ii) the number of potential qualified
9	subscribers within the area consisting only
10	of residential subscribers not described in
11	clause (i),
12	which the equipment is capable of serving with
13	next generation broadband services, and
14	"(B) the denominator of which is the total
15	potential subscriber population of the area
16	which the equipment is capable of serving with
17	next generation broadband services.
18	"(e) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
19	"(1) Antenna.—The term 'antenna' means
20	any device used to transmit or receive signals
21	through the electromagnetic spectrum, including sat-
22	ellite equipment.
23	"(2) Cable operator.—The term 'cable oper-
24	ator' has the meaning given such term by section

- 602(5) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
 U.S.C. 522(5)).
- 3 "(3) COMMERCIAL MOBILE SERVICE CAR-4 RIER.—The term 'commercial mobile service carrier' 5 means any person authorized to provide commercial 6 mobile radio service as defined in section 20.3 of 7 title 47, Code of Federal Regulations.
 - "(4) CURRENT GENERATION BROADBAND SERVICE.—The term 'current generation broadband service' means the transmission of signals at a rate of
 at least 1,000,000 bits per second to the subscriber
 and at least 128,000 bits per second from the subscriber.
 - "(5) MULTIPLEXING OR DEMULTIPLEXING.—
 The term 'multiplexing' means the transmission of 2 or more signals over a single channel, and the term 'demultiplexing' means the separation of 2 or more signals previously combined by compatible multiplexing equipment.
 - "(6) NEXT GENERATION BROADBAND SERV-ICE.—The term 'next generation broadband service' means the transmission of signals at a rate of at least 22,000,000 bits per second to the subscriber and at least 5,000,000 bits per second from the subscriber.

1	"(7) Nonresidential subscriber.—The
2	term 'nonresidential subscriber' means any person
3	who purchases broadband services which are deliv-
4	ered to the permanent place of business of such per-
5	son.
6	"(8) Open video system operator.—The
7	term 'open video system operator' means any person
8	authorized to provide service under section 653 of
9	the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 573).
10	"(9) OTHER WIRELESS CARRIER.—The term
11	'other wireless carrier' means any person (other than
12	a telecommunications carrier, commercial mobile
13	service carrier, cable operator, open video system op-
14	erator, or satellite carrier) providing current genera-
15	tion broadband services or next generation
16	broadband service to subscribers through the radio
17	transmission of energy.
18	"(10) Packet switching.—The term 'packet
19	switching' means controlling or routing the path of
20	any digitized transmission signal which is assembled
21	into packets or cells.
22	"(11) Provider.—The term 'provider' means,
23	with respect to any qualified equipment—
24	"(A) a cable operator,
25	"(B) a commercial mobile service carrier,

1	"(C) an open video system operator,
2	"(D) a satellite carrier,
3	"(E) a telecommunications carrier, or
4	"(F) any other wireless carrier,
5	providing current generation broadband services or
6	next generation broadband services to subscribers
7	through such qualified equipment.
8	"(12) Provision of Services.—A provider
9	shall be treated as providing services to 1 or more
10	subscribers if—
11	"(A) such a subscriber has been passed by
12	the provider's equipment and can be connected
13	to such equipment for a standard connection
14	fee,
15	"(B) the provider is physically able to de-
16	liver current generation broadband services or
17	next generation broadband services, as applica-
18	ble, to such a subscriber without making more
19	than an insignificant investment with respect to
20	such subscriber,
21	"(C) the provider has made reasonable ef-
22	forts to make such subscribers aware of the
23	availability of such services,
24	"(D) such services have been purchased by
25	1 or more such subscribers, and

1	"(E) such services are made available to
2	such subscribers at average prices comparable
3	to those at which the provider makes available
4	similar services in any areas in which the pro-
5	vider makes available such services.
6	"(13) Qualified equipment.—
7	"(A) In general.—The term 'qualified
8	equipment' means equipment which provides
9	current generation broadband services or next
10	generation broadband services—
11	"(i) at least a majority of the time
12	during periods of maximum demand to
13	each subscriber who is utilizing such serv-
14	ices, and
15	"(ii) in a manner substantially the
16	same as such services are provided by the
17	provider to subscribers through equipment
18	with respect to which no deduction is al-
19	lowed under subsection (a)(1).
20	"(B) Only certain investment taken
21	INTO ACCOUNT.—Except as provided in sub-
22	paragraph (C) or (D), equipment shall be taken
23	into account under subparagraph (A) only to
24	the extent it—

1	"(i) extends from the last point of
2	switching to the outside of the unit, build-
3	ing, dwelling, or office owned or leased by
4	a subscriber in the case of a telecommuni-
5	cations carrier,
6	"(ii) extends from the customer side
7	of the mobile telephone switching office to
8	a transmission/receive antenna (including
9	such antenna) owned or leased by a sub-
10	scriber in the case of a commercial mobile
11	service carrier,
12	"(iii) extends from the customer side
13	of the headend to the outside of the unit,
14	building, dwelling, or office owned or
15	leased by a subscriber in the case of a
16	cable operator or open video system oper-
17	ator, or
18	"(iv) extends from a transmission/re-
19	ceive antenna (including such antenna)
20	which transmits and receives signals to or
21	from multiple subscribers, to a trans-
22	mission/receive antenna (including such
23	antenna) on the outside of the unit, build-
24	ing, dwelling, or office owned or leased by

a subscriber in the case of a satellite car-

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rier or other wireless carrier, unless such other wireless carrier is also a tele-communications carrier.

"(C) PACKET SWITCHING EQUIPMENT.— Packet switching equipment, regardless of location, shall be taken into account under subparagraph (A) only if it is deployed in connection with equipment described in subparagraph (B) and is uniquely designed to perform the function of packet switching for current generation broadband services ornext generation broadband services, but only if such packet switching is the last in a series of such functions performed in the transmission of a signal to a subscriber or the first in a series of such functions performed in the transmission of a signal from a subscriber.

"(D) MULTIPLEXING AND DEMULTIPLEXING EQUIPMENT.—Multiplexing and demultiplexing equipment shall be taken into account under subparagraph (A) only to the extent it is deployed in connection with equipment described in subparagraph (B) and is uniquely designed to perform the function of multiplexing and demultiplexing packets or cells

1	of data and making associated application
2	adaptions, but only if such multiplexing or
3	demultiplexing equipment is located between
4	packet switching equipment described in sub-
5	paragraph (C) and the subscriber's premises.
6	"(14) QUALIFIED SUBSCRIBER.—The term
7	'qualified subscriber' means—
8	"(A) with respect to the provision of cur-
9	rent generation broadband services—
10	"(i) any nonresidential subscriber
11	maintaining a permanent place of business
12	in a rural area or underserved area, or
13	"(ii) any residential subscriber resid-
14	ing in a dwelling located in a rural area or
15	underserved area which is not a saturated
16	market, and
17	"(B) with respect to the provision of next
18	generation broadband services—
19	"(i) any nonresidential subscriber
20	maintaining a permanent place of business
21	in a rural area or underserved area, or
22	"(ii) any residential subscriber.
23	"(15) RESIDENTIAL SUBSCRIBER.—The term
24	'residential subscriber' means any individual who

1	purchases broadband services which are delivered to
2	such individual's dwelling.
3	"(16) Rural area.—The term 'rural area'
4	means any census tract which—
5	"(A) is not within 10 miles of any incor-
6	porated or census designated place containing
7	more than 25,000 people, and
8	"(B) is not within a county or county
9	equivalent which has an overall population den-
10	sity of more than 500 people per square mile of
11	land.
12	"(17) Rural subscriber.—The term 'rural
13	subscriber' means any residential subscriber residing
14	in a dwelling located in a rural area or nonresiden-
15	tial subscriber maintaining a permanent place of
16	business located in a rural area.
17	"(18) Satellite Carrier.—The term 'sat-
18	ellite carrier' means any person using the facilities
19	of a satellite or satellite service licensed by the Fed-
20	eral Communications Commission and operating in
21	the Fixed-Satellite Service under part 25 of title 47
22	of the Code of Federal Regulations or the Direct
23	Broadcast Satellite Service under part 100 of title
24	47 of such Code to establish and operate a channel

of communications for distribution of signals, and

1	owning or leasing a capacity or service on a satellite
2	in order to provide such point-to-multipoint distribu-
3	tion.
4	"(19) Saturated Market.—The term 'satu-
5	rated market' means any census tract in which, as
6	of the date of the enactment of this section—
7	"(A) current generation broadband services
8	have been provided by a single provider to 85
9	percent or more of the total number of potential
10	residential subscribers residing in dwellings lo-
11	cated within such census tract, and
12	"(B) such services can be utilized—
13	"(i) at least a majority of the time
14	during periods of maximum demand by
15	each such subscriber who is utilizing such
16	services, and
17	"(ii) in a manner substantially the
18	same as such services are provided by the
19	provider to subscribers through equipment
20	with respect to which no deduction is al-
21	lowed under subsection (a)(1).
22	"(20) Subscriber.—The term 'subscriber'
23	means any person who purchases current generation
24	broadband services or next generation broadband
25	services.

1	"(21) Telecommunications carrier.—The
2	term 'telecommunications carrier' has the meaning
3	given such term by section 3(44) of the Communica-
4	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(44)), but—
5	"(A) includes all members of an affiliated
6	group of which a telecommunications carrier is
7	a member, and
8	"(B) does not include a commercial mobile
9	service carrier.
10	"(22) Total potential subscriber popu-
11	LATION.—The term 'total potential subscriber popu-
12	lation' means, with respect to any area and based on
13	the most recent census data, the total number of po-
14	tential residential subscribers residing in dwellings
15	located in such area and potential nonresidential
16	subscribers maintaining permanent places of busi-
17	ness located in such area.
18	"(23) Underserved Area.—The term 'under-
19	served area' means—
20	"(A) any census tract which is located in—
21	"(i) an empowerment zone or enter-
22	prise community designated under section
23	1391, or

1	"(ii) the District of Columbia Enter-
2	prise Zone established under section 1400,
3	or
4	"(B) any census tract—
5	"(i) the poverty level of which is at
6	least 30 percent (based on the most recent
7	census data), and
8	"(ii) the median family income of
9	which does not exceed—
10	"(I) in the case of a census tract
11	located in a metropolitan statistical
12	area, 70 percent of the greater of the
13	metropolitan area median family in-
14	come or the statewide median family
15	income, and
16	"(II) in the case of a census tract
17	located in a nonmetropolitan statis-
18	tical area, 70 percent of the non-
19	metropolitan statewide median family
20	income.
21	"(24) Underserved subscriber.—The term
22	'underserved subscriber' means any residential sub-
23	scriber residing in a dwelling located in an under-
24	served area or nonresidential subscriber maintaining

a permanent place of business located in an underserved area.

"(f) Special Rules.—

"(1) PROPERTY USED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, ETC., NOT QUALIFIED.—No expenditures shall be taken into account under subsection (a)(1) with respect to the portion of the cost of any property referred to in section 50(b) or with respect to the portion of the cost of any property specified in an election under section 179.

"(2) Basis reduction.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this title, the basis of any property shall be reduced by the portion of the cost of such property taken into account under subsection (a)(1).
- "(B) Ordinary income recapture.—
 For purposes of section 1245, the amount of the deduction allowable under subsection (a)(1) with respect to any property which is of a character subject to the allowance for depreciation shall be treated as a deduction allowed for depreciation under section 167.
- "(3) COORDINATION WITH SECTION 38.—No credit shall be allowed under section 38 with respect

- 1 to any amount for which a deduction is allowed
- 2 under subsection (a)(1).".
- 3 (b) Special Rule for Mutual or Cooperative
- 4 Telephone Companies.—Section 512(b) of the Internal
- 5 Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to modifications) is
- 6 amended by adding at the end the following new para-
- 7 graph:
- 8 "(18) Special rule for mutual or cooper-
- 9 ATIVE TELEPHONE COMPANIES.—A mutual or coop-
- erative telephone company which for the taxable year
- satisfies the requirements of section 501(c)(12)(A)
- may elect to reduce its unrelated business taxable in-
- come for such year, if any, by an amount that does
- 14 not exceed the qualified broadband expenditures
- which would be taken into account under section
- 16 191 for such year by such company if such company
- was not exempt from taxation. Any amount which is
- allowed as a deduction under this paragraph shall
- 19 not be allowed as a deduction under section 191 and
- 20 the basis of any property to which this paragraph
- 21 applies shall be reduced under section
- 22 1016(a)(32).".
- (c) Conforming Amendments.—
- 24 (1) Section 263(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue
- Code of 1986 (relating to capital expenditures) is

1	amended by striking "or" at the end of subpara-
2	graph (H), by striking the period at the end of sub-
3	paragraph (I) and inserting ", or", and by adding
4	at the end the following new subparagraph:

- 5 "(J) expenditures for which a deduction is 6 allowed under section 191.".
 - (2) Section 1016(a) of such Code is amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (30), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (31) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- 12 "(32) to the extent provided in section 13 191(f)(2)."
- 14 (3) The table of sections for part VI of sub-15 chapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is amended by 16 inserting after the item relating to section 190 the 17 following new item:

"Sec. 191. Broadband expenditures.".

18 (d) Designation of Census Tracts.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, designate and publish those census tracts meeting the criteria described in paragraphs (16), (22), and (23) of section 191(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section). In making such designations, the Sec-

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1 retary of the Treasury shall consult with such other 2 departments and agencies as the Secretary deter-3 mines appropriate. 4 (2) Saturated Market.— (A) In General.—For purposes of desig-6 nating and publishing those census tracts meet-7 ing the criteria described in subsection (e)(19) 8 of such section 191— 9 (i) the Secretary of the Treasury shall 10 prescribe not later than 30 days after the 11 date of the enactment of this Act the form 12 upon which any provider which takes the 13 position that it meets such criteria with re-14 spect to any census tract shall submit a 15 list of such census tracts (and any other 16 information required by the Secretary) not 17 later than 60 days after the date of the 18 publication of such form, and 19 (ii) the Secretary of the Treasury 20 shall publish an aggregate list of such cen-21 sus tracts and the applicable providers not 22 later than 30 days after the last date such 23 submissions are allowed under clause (i). 24 (B) No subsequent lists required.— 25 The Secretary of the Treasury shall not be required to publish any list of census tracts meeting such criteria subsequent to the list described in subparagraph (A)(ii).

(e) Other Regulatory Matters.—

- (1) Prohibition.—No Federal or State agency or instrumentality shall adopt regulations or ratemaking procedures that would have the effect of eliminating or reducing any deduction or portion thereof allowed under section 191 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section) or otherwise subverting the purpose of this section.
- (2) Treasury regulatory authority.—It is the intent of Congress in providing the election to deduct qualified broadband expenditures under section 191 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section) to provide incentives for the purchase, installation, and connection of equipment and facilities offering expanded broadband access to the Internet for users in certain low income and rural areas of the United States, as well as to residential users nationwide, in a manner that maintains competitive neutrality among the various classes of providers of broadband services. Accordingly, the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to

1	carry out the purposes of section 191 of such Code,
2	including—
3	(A) regulations to determine how and when
4	a taxpayer that incurs qualified broadband ex-
5	penditures satisfies the requirements of section
6	191 of such Code to provide broadband serv-
7	ices, and
8	(B) regulations describing the information,
9	records, and data taxpayers are required to pro-
10	vide the Secretary to substantiate compliance
11	with the requirements of section 191 of such
12	Code.
13	(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
14	this section shall apply to expenditures incurred after the
15	data of the anaetment of this Act

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